

Primary Care Past, Present and Future

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Health System Integration and Clinical Planning

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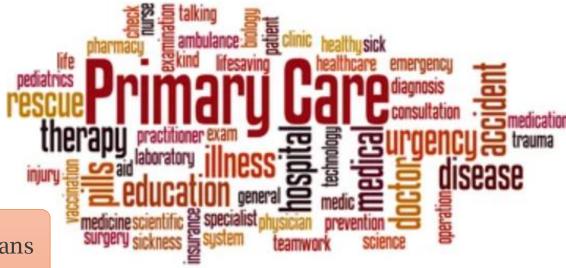






Primary Care defined:

Provision of integrated, accessible health care services by clinicians who are accountable for addressing a large majority of personal health care needs, developing a sustained partnership with patients, and practicing in the context of family and community. (CIHI website, accessed March 2 2024)



Includes routine preventative check ins, routine care, care for urgent but minor or common health problems, mental health care, maternity and child care, psychosocial services, liaison with home care, health promotion chronic disease treatment, nutrition counselling and end-of-life care.



Primary Care In Manitoba Let's Talk quickly about the Quarter Backs-Family Physicians and Nurse Practitioners

Fee-for Service (FFS) Clinics – Approximately 260 in MB



Majority of providers belong to a fee-for-service model of care (~75%)



Paid based on Physician Services Agreement

- Complexity
- Uniqueness of each
- Collaboration and trust important



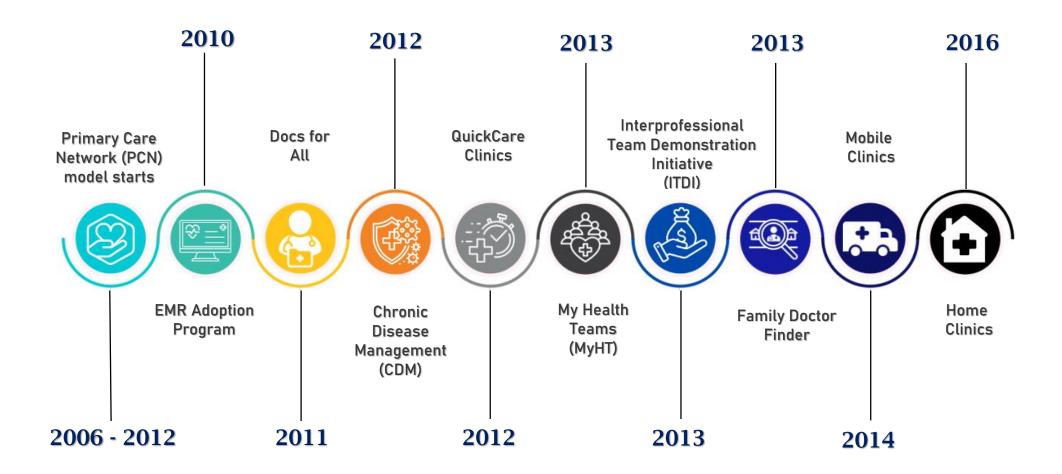








Primary Care Reform (2006-2016)





Polling Practice #2





Present







Manitoba Landscape

Fee-for Service (FFS) Clinic model (75% of providers) Alt-funded clinics-Providers(RHA) and RHA clinic Hybrid Models- Clinic owned by RHA, Providers FFS



Large geography but smaller population compared to rest of Canada.



Reduction in providers and health-care clinicians.



Increased complexities in the persons we care for (mental health, chronic disease, social complexities)

My Health Team (MyHT)



My Health Team (MyHT)





Bringing multiple providers and clinics together. Includes Regional Health Authority (RHA), fee-for-service clinics, and community organization(s). This group collaboratively work together to plan, deliver and improve primary care services.



MyHT Current State: 14 Teams Provincially

MyHT Service Planning Priority / Target State

P1 / Attachment (2000 patients in first two years)

P2 / Measuring Access AND Targeting Complex Patients

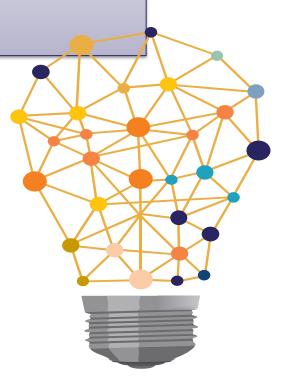
P3 / Timely Access AND Service Coordination

P4 / Outreach to Marginalized Populations

P5 / Engagement - Community

P6 / Patient Engagement

P7/ Implement a Self Managed Care



Winnipeg (6)

- River Heights/ Fort Garry
- St. James / Assiniboine
- Seven Oaks/Inkster
- St. Boniface/ St. Vital
- Downtown/Point Douglas
- River East/Transcona

Interlake Eastern (2)

- Selkirk Area
- Ashern-Hodgson

Southern (4)

- Steinbach Area
- Morden/Winkler Area
- Portage/Gladstone Area Mon équipe santé

Prairie Mountain (2)

- Brandon
- Swan Valley Area

Northern (1) (PLANNING PHASE) - The Pas



Interprofessional Team Demonstration Initiative (ITDI)

By integrating a variety of healthcare professionals into fee-for-service clinics, the initiative aimed to expand the capacity of family physicians and enable the provision of care to a larger number of patients through a collaborative team approach.





ITDI Program Deliverables

Access to Quality Care

Ensuring expanded access to care in Primary Care Home Clinic interprofessional teams and links to the broader MyHT network.

Enhanced Collaboration

Building trust and collaboration between private practices, the Regional Health Authority (RHA) and Health.

Enrolment Patient Gains

Expanding Primary Care Home Clinic capacity, with an initiative target of an increase in patient enrolment by at least 500, resulting in a tangible impact provincially.

Data & Alignment to Primary Care Goals

Enhancing primary care data submission from fee-for-service clinics to inform better healthcare and primary care decisions.



Benefits of the ITDI Program

1 For Patients

Patients experience increased ease of access to care, improved safety, and a reduction in hospital admissions, among other benefits.

2 For Providers

Providers enjoy workplace satisfaction, support from a team, and opportunities to learn and innovate within their practice. 3 For the System

The health delivery system benefits from decreased burden on acute care facilities and potential for more efficient care delivery.

Manitoban Context

ITDI has brought together Health, the RHA PC units and Private Practice physicians into a partnership that has facilitated trust, improved communications, and given a voice to private practice to assist in positive Health system change through evaluation, collaboration and innovation.

ITDI: Current State - Fully Implemented

Region	Physician Assistant	Nurse Practitioner	RN (Primary Care Nurse)	RN (Case Manager)	RN (Wound Care)	Social Work	Pharmacist	Grand Tota (FTE)
Interlake Eastern Regional Health Authority	1.00	4.00						5.0
Northern Health Region		2.00		2.00		1.00		5.0
Southern Health-Santé Sud	1.00	7.00			2.00		1.00	11.0
Winnipeg Regional Health Authority	5.00		19.00					24.0
Grand Total (FTE)	7.00	13.00	19.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	45.0



Understanding Home Clinic (Manitoba's *Patient Medical Home*)





Home Clinic Benefits

1 Health System Alignment

Aligned with Manitoba Primary Care Policy and Strategy, the CFPC's vision of Patient's Medical Home, Manitoba's CPSP, and other Provincial Programs and Services

2 Patient Enrolment

Supports patient care and outcomes and allows the Health system to understand which patients have a Primary Care Home Clinic

3 Access to Information

Home Clinic can access resources and information to coordinate patient care more efficiently and effectively and optimize information sharing back to the Home Clinic

4 Information Sharing

Support informed episodic, emergency, and specialist care and build stronger channels for team-based care between Primary Care and the health system, such as through eChart Manitoba

5 FFS Incentives

Primary Care MRPs are eligible to claim Comprehensive Care Management tariff (FFS) and the new Family Medicine Plus tariffs

6 — Continuous Quality Improvement

Home Clinics can access valuable reports from Manitoba to support improvements in quality care, and the Health System can use information for Health System Analysis, Planning and Improvement



Home Clinic status January 1, 2024



Enrolment

880,094 Manitobans are enrolled to a Home Clinic

60.5% of the population

Increase of 31,219 from previous year



Home Clinics

278 primary care clinics/sites in MB are registered and operating in an active Home Clinic

69% of all clinics (estimated) including ineligible non-EMR 83% of eligible clinics (estimated)





Other Models of Care Enhancing Primary Care Capacity





Clinics on wheels provide the full range of primary care services, such as physical exams, diagnostic tests, immunizations, referrals, and well baby care.



QuickCare (QCC) & Walk-in Connected Care (WICC)

Designed to meet the unexpected health care needs of patients when their regular provider may not be available, such as evenings and weekends. There are currently five WICCs in Winnipeg and two QCC (Selkirk & Steinbach)

Current Walk-In Connected Care Wait Times

Due to rapidly changing demands and the need to see the sickest patients first, your own wait time may be more or less than the time displayed here.

Last updated: 1:45 PM

CLINIC	WAITING	WAIT TIME
ACCESS Fort Garry	2	0.5 hrs
ACCESS Norwest	7	1 hr
ACCESS Winnipeg West	5	1 hr
Centre de Santé Saint-Boniface	12	1.75 hrs
McGregor	5	0.5 hrs



Access Improvement Model (AIM)

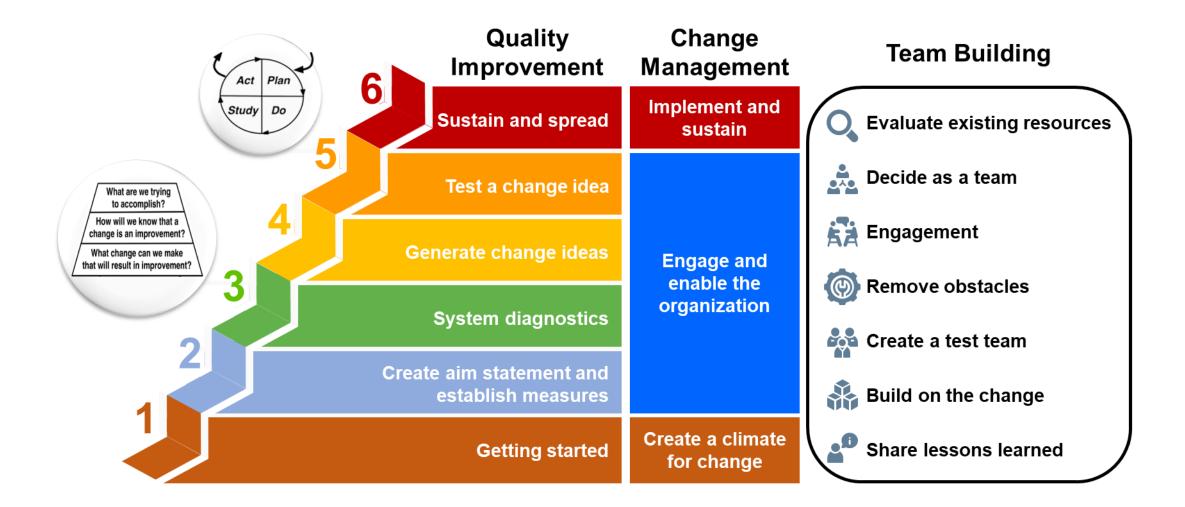


Information available at:

https://healthproviders.sharedhealthmb.ca/integration-and-clinical-planning/quality-improvement/access-improvement-model/



AIM Curriculum Overview





Future







Due to the sensitivity around the strategic overview awaiting approval and funding, we have removed this content and can share once approved.

