SOFWIPO: INOR	$\sim \sim \sim$
Service: Thor	au.ii.

Care Venue: ☐ HSC ☐ SBH

Completion of this document ensures that all information required to create a case for the waitlist can be completed within 7 days of the decision to treat.	
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Consented Procedure*: Consented Procedure HIATUS HERNIA AND ASSOCIATED REFLUX CONDITIONS MYASTHENIA GRAVIS MYASTHENIA GRAVIS OTHER DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM OTHER MYCOTIC PARASTRIC OR GRANULOMATOUS DISEASES OTHER MYCOTIC PARASTRIC OR GRANULOMATOUS DISEASES OTHER MYCOTIC PARASTRIC OR GRANULOMATOUS DISEASES OTHER THORACIC DIAGNOSES TRAUMA TUBERCULOSIS TRAUMA T	Case De	etails	Patient Name*:			MM/DD/YYYY		
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□ CONGENITAL ABNORMALITIES □ DISEASES OF UPPER GI SYSTEM □ EMPHYSEMA AND PRIEUMOTHORAX □ EMPYAEMA AND OTHER ACUTE INFECTIONS OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM □ Trauma □ TUBERCULOSIS				\square OTHER	☐ OTHER MYCOTIC PARASITIC OR GRANULOMATOUS DISEASES			
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SYSTEM If Cancer*: Diagnostic	☐ EMPHYSEMA AND F	PNEUMOTHORAX		□ TOBER	☐ TUBERCULOSIS			
### Cancer*: Diagnostic Treatment Reconstruction Prophylactic Staging Surveillance Palliative #### Please refer to the Case Priority Criteria to complete this section ###################################		THER ACUTE INFE	CTIONS OF RESPIRATORY					
Wait 2 Priority*: Diagnosis Description: Trocedure Notes: Diagnosis Description:		tic 🗆 Treatmen	t □ Reconstruction □ Pro	ophylactic \square St	aging □Surveillance □	Palliative		
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Procedure Notes: DTT*:								
DTT*: MM/DD/YYYY Laterality*: Attend Short*: Admission Type* Day Surgery Day Surgery Day Surgery Inpatient CU Same Day Admit Unit Short Stay LOS:	Consented Procedure	*:						
MM/DD/YYYY (if applicable)	Procedure Notes:							
□ Left □ Right □ Yes □ Inpatient □ Same Day Admit □ Unit Los:	DTT*:	Laterality*:	Attend Short*:		Admission Type*	Post Procedural Destination*		
Left	MM/DD/YYYY	(if applicable)	Patient is available on sho	ort notice as a last-	☐ Day Surgery	Day Surgery		
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Interiew by:	Review by:			Entered by	r.			



Case Priority Criteria

Priority / Target Days	Diagnosis Description					
1 (21 days)	EMPYEMA INPATIENT ESOPHAGEAL DIAPHRAGMATIC HERNIA ESOPHAGEAL TUMOUR OR STRICTURE BENIGN NUTRITIONAL CRISIS ESOPHAGEAL MOTILITY DISORDER SYMPTOMATIC NUTRITIONAL CRISIS ESOPHAGEAL MANAGEMENT OF COMPLICATIONS POST CANCER TREATMENT STRICTURES OR RECURRENCE OR OBSTRUCTION	ESOPHAGEAL STENT INSERTION OR HARDWARE REMOVAL BENIGN PERICARDIAL EFFUSION PNEUMOTHORAX INPATIENT TRACHEO BRONCHIAL STENOSIS REQUIRING BRONCHOSCOPY POST CANCER TREATMENT TRACHEO BRONCHIAL STENOSIS ENDOSCOPY				
	Urgent; does not require emergency slate					
2 (90 days)	CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE REQUIRING LUNG VOLUME REDUCTION SURGERY EMPYEMA OUTPATIENTS ESOPHAGEAL TUMOUR OR STRICTURE BENIGN NO NUTRITIONAL CRISIS ESOPHAGEAL DIVERTICULA ESOPHAGEAL RECONSTRUCTION ESOPHAGEAL STENT INSERTION OR HARDWARE REMOVAL POST CANCER TREATMENT ESOPHAGEAL STRICTURE MINOR SYMPTOMS LUNG MANAGEMENT OF AIRWAY AND COMPLICATIONS POST CANCER TREATMENT INTERSTITIAL PARENCHYMAL LUNG DISEASE	MYASTHENIA GRAVIS MEDIASTINAL OR CERVICAL ADENOPATHY PNEUMOTHORAX OUTPATIENT POST SURGERY COMPLICATIONS CHRONIC PULMONARY ALVEOLAR PROTEINOSIS THORACIC OUTLET SYMPTOMATIC ARTERIAL THORACIC OUTLET POST VENOUS OCCLUSION TRACHEO BRONCHIAL STENOSIS SURGERY				
	 Constant, frequent or severe pain/symptoms (biological, psychological) Significantly impacts ability to perform usual activities High probability of disease progression with morbidity that might affect function Recurring unscheduled visits i.e. ED/primary care physician/surgeon 	or life expectancy				
3	CHEST WALL TUMOUR POST CANCER TREATMENT CHEST WALL HERNIA OR CHRONIC TRAUMA OR TUMOUR BENIGN CHEST WALL OR STERNUM FIXATION OR STABILIZATION DIAPHRAGMATIC PARALYSIS CHRONIC	ESOPHAGEAL DIAPHRAGMATIC HERNIA ESOPHAGEAL MOTILITY DISORDER MILDLY SYMPTOMATIC NO NUTRITIONAL CRISIS GASTROESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE CHRONIC				
(182 days)	 Mild or occasional pain/symptoms (biological, psychological) Minimally or moderately impacts ability to perform usual activities Low probability of disease progression that might affect function or life expectar Minimal unscheduled visits to ED/primary care physician/surgeon 	псу				
4	□ CHEST WALL PECTUS □ HYPERHIDROSIS SYMPATHECTOMY □ THORACIC OUTLET NEUROGENIC SYMPTOMS					
(274 days)	☐ Elective indication for surgery ☐ Minimal risk of morbidity incurred in waiting					
Oncology	/					
1 (14 days)	ESOPHAGEAL MANAGEMENT OF COMPLICATIONS POST CANCER TREATMENT STRICTURES OR RECURRENCE OR OBSTRUCTION LUNG CANCER SYMPTOMATIC MEDIASTINAL MASS SYMPTOMATIC MEDIASTINAL OR CERVICAL ADENOPATHY WORKUP	 □ TRACHEO BRONCHIAL STENOSIS REQUIRING BRONCHOSCOPY CANCER OR CANCER SUSPECTED □ TRACHEO BRONCHIAL STENOSIS REQUIRING BRONCHOSCOPY POST CANCER TREATMENT □ TRACHEO BRONCHIAL TUMOUR 				
	☐ Urgent; does not require emergency slate ☐ Diagnostic Surgical Oncology Cases					
2 (28 days)	CHEST WALL TUMOUR CANCER OR CANCER SUSPECTED ESOPHAGEAL MANAGEMENT OF HIGH-GRADE DYSPLASIA AND OTHER PREMALIGNANT CONDITIONS ESOPHAGEAL STENT INSERTION OR HARDWARE REMOVAL POST CANCER TREATMENT ESOPHAGEAL TUMOUR MALIGNANT CANCER OR CANCER SUSPECTED GASTRIC CANCER CONFIRMED LUNG CANCER ASYMPTOMATIC	□ LUNG CANCER METASTASIS FROM OTHER ORGAN □ LUNG CANCER SUSPECTED □ LUNG MANAGEMENT OF AIRWAY AND COMPLICATIONS POST CANCER TREATMENT □ MEDIASTINAL MASS ASYMPTOMATIC □ PLEURAL EFFUSION □ THYMOMA				
	Patients diagnosed with highly aggressive malignancies					
3	☐ CHEST WALL TUMOUR POST CANCER TREATMENT					
(42 days)	 □ All patients with known or suspected highly invasive cancer □ Cancer is not highly aggressive or indolent 					
4	□ OTHER THORACIC CANCER-RELATED DIAGNOSIS					
(84 days)	☐ Patients diagnosed or suspected to have indolent malignancies					